## §40.10

notice from it and one or more of its affiliates or other financial institutions, as identified in the notice, as long as the notice is accurate with respect to the bank and the other institutions.

(g) Joint relationships. If two or more consumers jointly obtain a financial product or service from a bank, the bank may satisfy the initial, annual, and revised notice requirements of §§ 40.4(a), 40.5(a), and 40.8(a), respectively, by providing one notice to those consumers jointly.

## Subpart B—Limits on Disclosures

## § 40.10 Limits on disclosure of nonpublic personal information to nonaffiliated third parties.

- (a)(1) Conditions for disclosure. Except as otherwise authorized in this part, a bank may not, directly or through any affiliate, disclose any nonpublic personal information about a consumer to a nonaffiliated third party unless:
- (i) The bank has provided to the consumer an initial notice as required under § 40.4:
- (ii) The bank has provided to the consumer an opt out notice as required in §40.7;
- (iii) The bank has given the consumer a reasonable opportunity, before it discloses the information to the non-affiliated third party, to opt out of the disclosure: and
  - (iv) The consumer does not opt out.
- (2) Opt out definition. Opt out means a direction by the consumer that the bank not disclose nonpublic personal information about that consumer to a nonaffiliated third party, other than as permitted by §§ 40.13, 40.14, and 40.15.
- (3) Examples of reasonable opportunity to opt out. A bank provides a consumer with a reasonable opportunity to opt out if:
- (i) By mail. The bank mails the notices required in paragraph (a)(1) of this section to the consumer and allows the consumer to opt out by mailing a form, calling a toll-free telephone number, or any other reasonable means within 30 days from the date the bank mailed the notices.
- (ii) By electronic means. A customer opens an on-line account with a bank and agrees to receive the notices re-

quired in paragraph (a)(1) of this section electronically, and the bank allows the customer to opt out by any reasonable means within 30 days after the date that the customer acknowledges receipt of the notices in conjunction with opening the account.

- (iii) Isolated transaction with consumer. For an isolated transaction, such as the purchase of a cashier's check by a consumer, a bank provides the consumer with a reasonable opportunity to opt out if the bank provides the notices required in paragraph (a)(1) of this section at the time of the transaction and requests that the consumer decide, as a necessary part of the transaction, whether to opt out before completing the transaction.
- (b) Application of opt out to all consumers and all nonpublic personal information. (1) A bank must comply with this section, regardless of whether the bank and the consumer have established a customer relationship.
- (2) Unless a bank complies with this section, the bank may not, directly or through any affiliate, disclose any non-public personal information about a consumer that the bank has collected, regardless of whether the bank collected it before or after receiving the direction to opt out from the consumer
- (c) Partial opt out. A bank may allow a consumer to select certain nonpublic personal information or certain non-affiliated third parties with respect to which the consumer wishes to opt out.

## § 40.11 Limits on redisclosure and reuse of information.

- (a)(1) Information the bank receives under an exception. If a bank receives nonpublic personal information from a nonaffiliated financial institution under an exception in §§ 40.14 or 40.15 of this part, the bank's disclosure and use of that information is limited as follows:
- (i) The bank may disclose the information to the affiliates of the financial institution from which the bank received the information;
- (ii) The bank may disclose the information to its affiliates, but the bank's affiliates may, in turn, disclose and use the information only to the extent that